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2-Amino-4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydrobenzo[h]quinoline-3-carbo-nitrile-3-amino-1-(3,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-9,10-dihydrophenanthrene-2,4-dicarbonitrile (1/19)

Abdullah M. Asiri,^{a,b} Abdulrahman O. Al-Youbi,^a Hassan M. Faidallah^a and Seik Weng Ng^{c,a}*

^aChemistry Department, Faculty of Science, King Abdulaziz University, PO Box 80203 Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, ^bCenter of Excellence for Advanced Materials Research, King Abdulaziz University, PO Box 80203 Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, and ^cDepartment of Chemistry, University of Malaya, 50603 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Correspondence e-mail: seikweng@um.edu.my

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002 \text{ Å}$; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.049; wR factor = 0.124; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.4.

The asymmetric unit of the 1:19 title co-crystal of 2-amino-4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydrobenzo[h]quinoline-3-3-amino-1-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-9,10carbonitrile and dihydrophenanthrene-2,4-dicarbonitrile, $0.05C_{22}H_{19}N_3O_2$ --0.95C₂₄H₁₉N₃O₂, has the atoms of the fused-ring system and those of the amino, cyano and dimethoxyphenyl substitutents overlapped. The fused-ring system is buckled owing to the ethylene linkage in the central ring with the two flanking aromatic rings being twisted by 31.9 (1)°. The ring of the dimethoxyphenyl substituent is twisted by 72.4 (1)° relative to the amino- and cyano-bearing aromatic ring. In the crystal, molecules are linked by duplex amine $N-H\cdots O(methoxy)$ hydrogen bonds in a cyclic association [graph-set $R_2^2(7)$], generating a helical chain structure extending along [201].

Related literature

For a similar co-crystal, see: Asiri *et al.* (2011). For graph-set analysis, see: Etter *et al.* (1990).

Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{lll} 0.05C_{22}H_{19}N_3O_2 \cdot 0.95C_{24}H_{19}N_3O_2 & V = 1861.45 \ (12) \ \mathring{A}^3 \\ M_r = 380.22 & Z = 4 \\ \text{Monoclinic, } P_{2_1}/c & \text{Mo } K\alpha \ \text{radiation} \\ a = 8.9347 \ (3) \ \mathring{A} & \mu = 0.09 \ \text{mm}^{-1} \\ b = 14.4915 \ (5) \ \mathring{A} & T = 100 \ \text{K} \\ c = 14.7818 \ (6) \ \mathring{A} & 0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.20 \ \text{mm} \\ \beta = 103.446 \ (4)^\circ \end{array}$

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with an Atlas detector detection: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2010) $T_{\rm min} = 0.974$, $T_{\rm max} = 0.983$ 9240 measured reflections 4160 independent reflections 3146 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\rm int} = 0.031$

Refinement

 $\begin{array}{ll} R[F^2>2\sigma(F^2)]=0.049 & \text{H atoms treated by a mixture of} \\ wR(F^2)=0.124 & \text{independent and constrained} \\ S=1.04 & \text{refinement} \\ 4160 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\text{max}}=0.30 \text{ e Å}^{-3} \\ 270 \text{ parameters} & \Delta\rho_{\text{min}}=-0.24 \text{ e Å}^{-3} \end{array}$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D $ H$ $\cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}\cdots A$
$N3-H1\cdots O1^{i}$ $N3-H2\cdots O2^{i}$	0.95 (2)	2.24 (2)	2.927 (2)	129 (2)
	0.92 (2)	2.25 (2)	2.987 (2)	136 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) x + 1, $-y + \frac{3}{2}$, $z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZS2146).

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